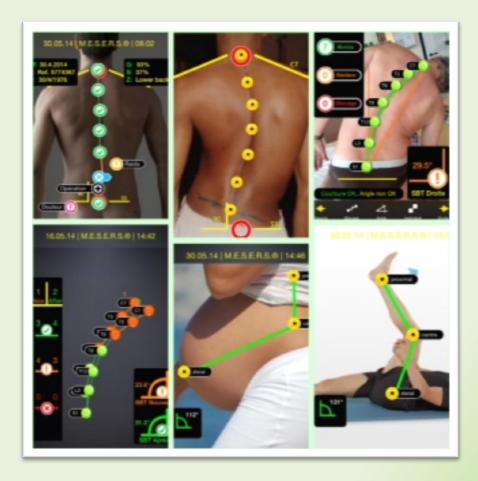
Mobility Tests





M.E.S.E.R.S.® Method



Objectify and Compare

Would you like to visualize body mobility?

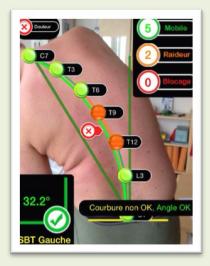
Objectify modifications?

Then this application is for you!

Spine & Tests M.E.S.E.R.S.®



non-invasive way of visualizing and objectifying spinal and body mobility.







30.05.14 M.E.S.E.R.S.® | 08:02

Raide

Objectify and Compare

Introduction



The Spine Tests application rapidly objectifies back and body alignment through the use of photos and specific mobility tests.

These tests highlight possible zones of reversible or non-reversible loss of mobility.

The application enables therapists to diagnose a patient's initial state of mobility (Before) and to objectify the results of treatment given or to be given (After).

After a short training session anyone can use these tests to observe the evolution of its mobility in general or its specific progress on a therapeutic or sports related program.

A strict protocol must be adhered to in order to guarantee the test's reliability and reproducibility.

Simple and easy tests in a few clicks



includes:

7 mobility tests

Patient's basic data

Photos with date

Data upload from pre-existing photos

Data comparison before and after treatment, sports activity etc.

Informations transfer





BT: Basic Test general state of the back (pain, stiffness, alignment)



SBT: Side Bending Test Before

left and right slope of the back before treatment



SBT: Side Bending Test After

left and right slope of the back after treatment



SET: Suspended Extension Test Before relation of back to shoulders during extension before treatment



SET: Back Extension After relation of back to shoulders during extension after treatment



SAT: Scoliosis Analysis Tests

horizontal state of back when in flexion, gibbosity

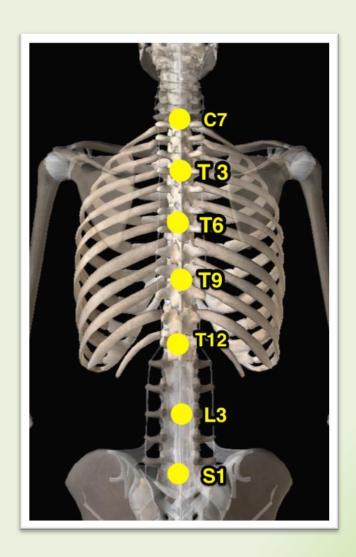


AT : Angles Tests measurement of the body's joint angles



7 reference points to objectify BT and SBT





These 7 reference points provide data for objectification of the spine's verticality (BT), angle of inclination and quality of curvature (SBT).

Protocol

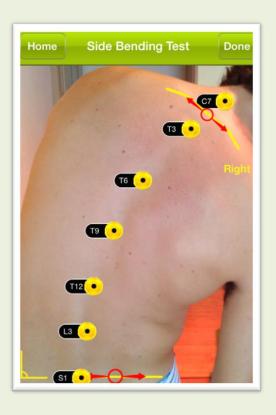


BT and SBT

1) For a more precise and objective test: place round stickers or use dermographic marker on the spinous apophysis of:

C7-Th3-Th6-Th9-Th12-L3--S1 vertical standing position.





2) Application of points by superposition on the photo. With experience you will save time by placing the points in the application directly onto the photo of the back along the central line and on the spinous apophysis.

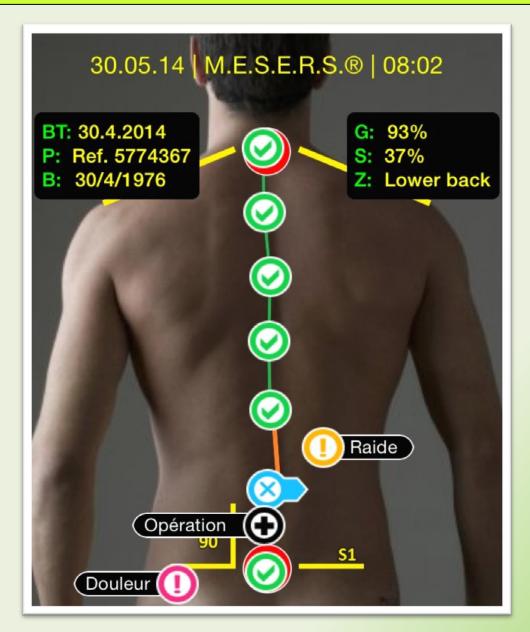
The tests can be done with or without stickers



BT Basic Test







General state of the back Alignment, pain, stiffness, surgical operation...

Basic Test





Shows patient data (optional): name, first name and/or patient code and date of birth.

```
Shows postular vertebral alignment:

Green = optimal

Blue = slight deviation

Red = significant deviation
```

Enable to register:

```
BT: date of Test / P: Patient reference nr (name)
B: date of birth / G: GS (general state of health as felt by the patient) 100% = optimal) / S: SE (specific state of the motive for consultation) 100% = optimal
Z: zone of the primary health complaint
```

```
pain zones (purple points)
defined by the patient
stiffness zones: (orange points)
defined by the therapist
operated zones: (black points)
defined by the therapist and the patient
```

The stiffness zones (orange points) defined through palpation must be validated by the Side Bending Test. If these stiffness zones are present during palpation they will be found on the convex side in the SBT.

General state of the back and patient data

Side Bending



Test

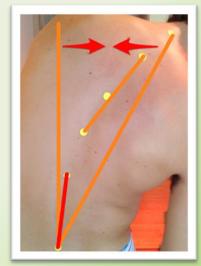


Reference Points: mobile or not



The stiffness and blockages decrease the controlateral inclinaison angle





Orange = not centered on the point signifies stiffness,

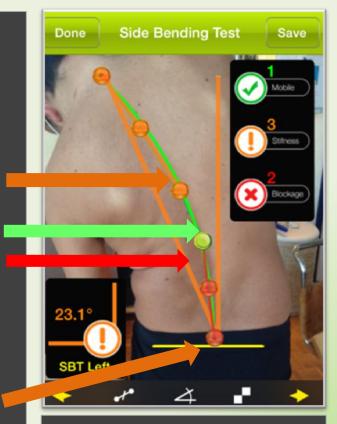
The interest of SBT for therapy Before and After angulation and curvature



The SBT shows if the back bows sufficiently and smoothly



- Lack of slope = exercises necessary
- Good slope
- Absence of slope therapeutic check up
- Angle of inclination:
- More than 30 degrees: ok
- Between 15 and 30 degrees insufficient slope
- Less than 15 degrees low slope



Therapeutic proposal:

- Therapeutic assessment
- Manual therapy
- M.E.S.E.R.S.® exercises

Allows to check the mobility in slope of the back and to direct the patient towards a specific therapeutic proposal.

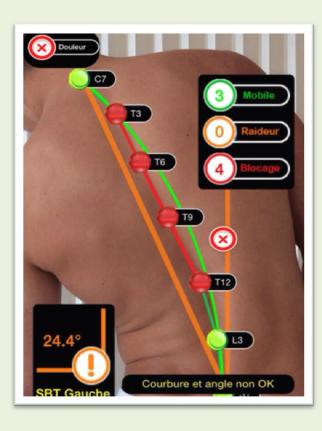
SBT

R

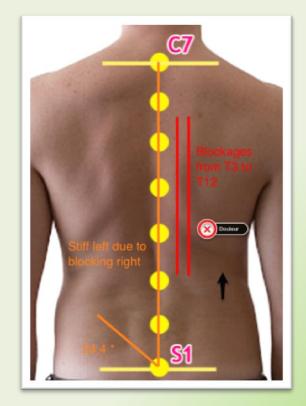
Side bending Test

Before





Réf: 169135 SBT Spine Tests on file



Réf: 169135 SBT Spine Tests on



Curvature not ok, angle of inclination not ok



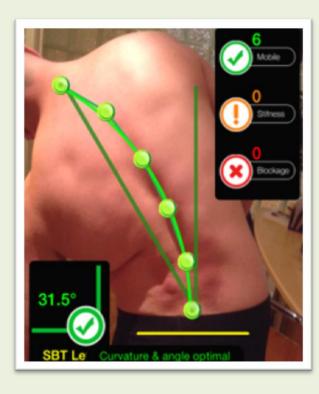
A non-smooth curvature (not ok) and a bilateral slope of less than 30 degrees (not ok) is usually a sign of a painful back.

SBT Side Bending Test



After

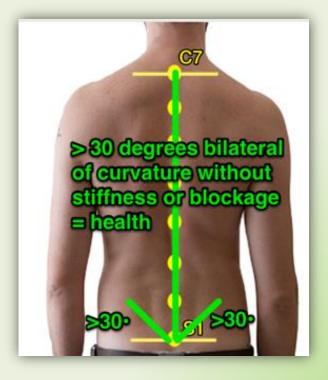




Réf: 169169 SBT on Spine Tests



Réf: 169169 SBT Spine Tests on file



Curvature ok and angle of inclination ok



A smooth curvature and slope (ok) of more than 30 degrees (ok) and absence of pain is usually the sign of a healthy back.

SBT

M



Side Bending Test

Before and After



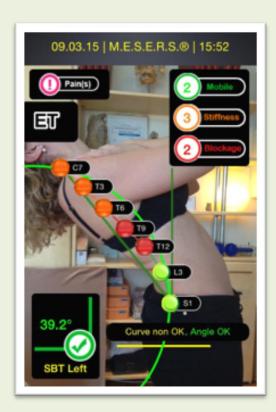
Réf: 169135

The superposition of the tests provides a quick overview of the improvements (or lack of) of the specific therapeutic sessions. If no improvement, the test results are used to support the decision to alter the course of treatment. The black background is used to transmit data anonymously.

SBT en utilisation pour E/F

Tests d'Extension et Flexion





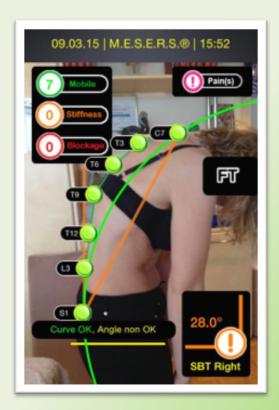
Réf: 2207615

Angle d'extension ok

Blocages T9-T12
Raideurs C7-T6

Angle de flexion ok Pas de blocage ni raideur

Réf: 2207616



Une courbure et une flexion harmonieuse (ok) antérieure etpostérieure de plus de 30 degrés (ok), ainsi qu'une absence de douleur, signent en général un dos en pleine forme.

Therapeutic interest of BT

```
V: Green angle = good slope
```

V: Orange angle = spinal stiffness

V: Red angle = serious spinal stiffness

```
C: Green curvature = probable absence of a blockage
```

C: Orange curvature = restricted mobility on convex side

C: Red curvature = absence of mobility on convex side

Green angle and green curvature = optimal slope
Orange angle and partial or total orange curvature =
stiffness and decreased mobility
Red angle and partial or total red curvature =
serious stiffness and loss of mobility

```
In most cases: with some exceptions

V + C bilateral = everything is fine if no pain

V + C = medical consultation + and or manual therapy ++

V + C = medical consultation +++
```

Comment: all combinations are possible for example V + C, V + C, V + C, bilateral or not etc.

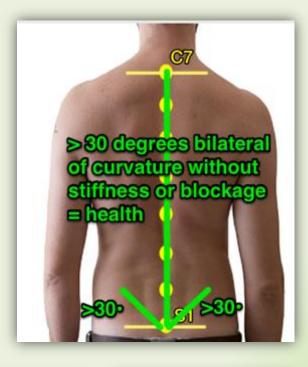
SBT defines optimal mobility or referral to the appropriate therapy.

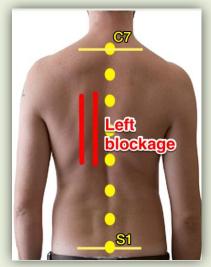
Illustrations

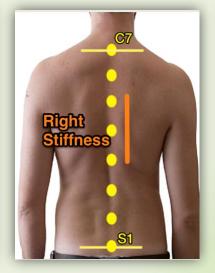


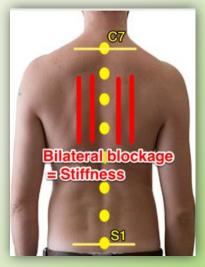
Diagrams











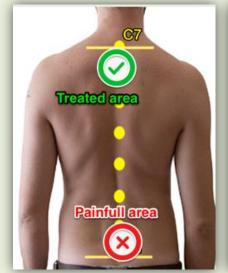
The SBT of the mesers method allows for the transmission of data about the patient onto visual diagrams.

Diagrams













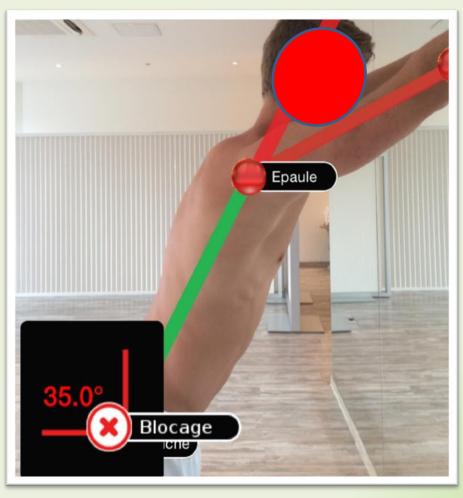
Mesers diagrams providing quick access to information for treatment purposes.

SET

Suspended Extension Test







Réf: 1209134

(red) extension angle not ok



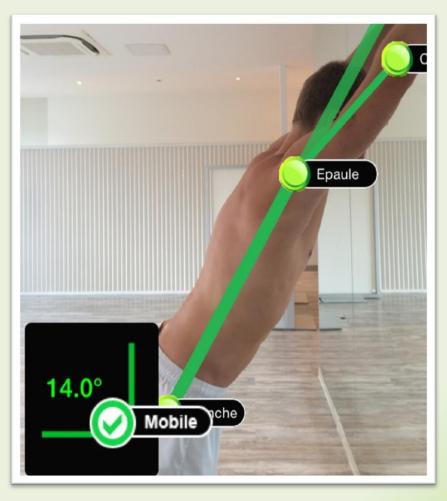
An angle of more than 25 degrees between the back and shoulder indicates a more or less serious (orange) or serious (red) decrease of the spine and shoulder mobility (not OK) in extension.

SET

M

Suspended Extension Test





Réf: 1208139

(green) extension angle ok



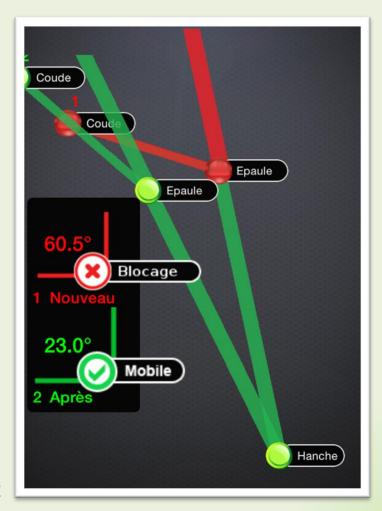
An angle of less than 25 degrees between the back and shoulder indicates correct mobility of the spine and shoulder (OK) in extension.

SET





Suspended Extension Test Before and After



Réf: 1209134

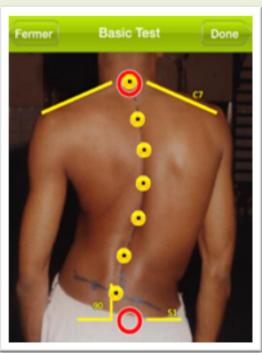
The superposition of the tests provides a quick overview of the improvements (or lack of) of the specific therapeutic sessions. If no improvement, the test results are used to support the decision to alter the course of treatment. The black background is used to transmit data anonymously.

SAT

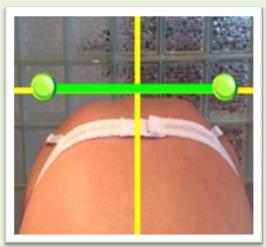


Scoliosis analysis Test

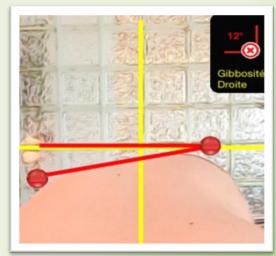




Réf: 1209256



Réf: 142366



Réf: 121678

Provides the angle of left or right gibbosity during back lack of horizontality at the time of anterior flexion.

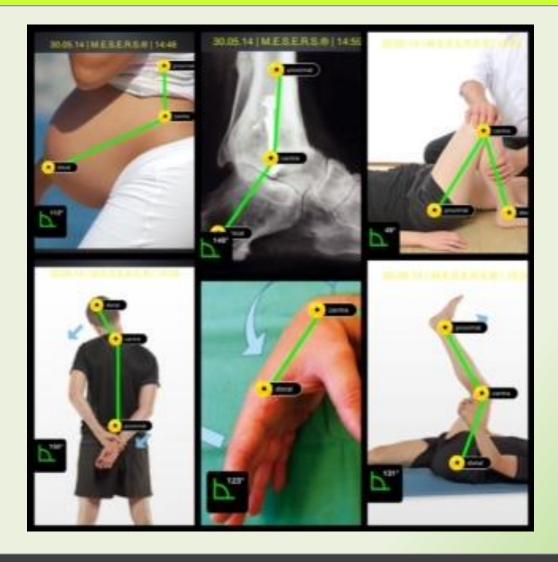
Green (ok) = horizontal, orange = low gibbosity,

red = significant gibbosity

AT Angle Tests





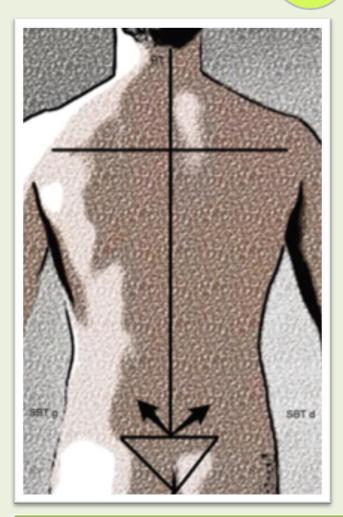


Provides measurement of joint angles of the whole body and allows the therapist and patient to observe the evolution and improvements obtained after surgical treatment, manual therapy or sports activity. It can also be used to track the evolution of a pregnancy.

Patient file



reference number:



Date:	Before	After
BT Global : G Specific: S G 1. S 2.		
SBT left right blockage (s) stiffness		
SET		
SAT		
AT		

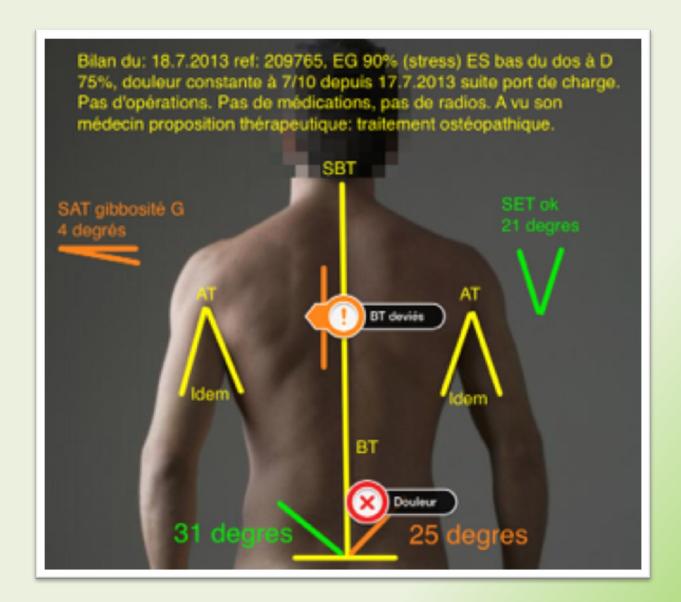
History: diagnosis:

Example of a patient file on paper which incorporates the data from the Spine & Tests

Patient data



(example)



Example of patient data provided on paper or a picture which can integrate the data from the Spine & Tests

Warning



This summary is designed for therapists and patients who have followed the training provided by a licensed MESERS® professor.

Only a MESERS® licensed therapist will be able to provide the correct interpretation of these tests.

Only strict adherence to the test protocol, instructions and daily practice of the tests will allow the user to obtain reliable and interpretable results.

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